

FACTS about PAPER

NO. 45

When Antique or Ripple Finish Buckeye Cover Papers have been hot pressed, the space so treated can be printed on with a half-tone engraving and satisfactory results obtained. Antique Finish Buckeye Cover Papers can be hot pressed more successfully than Ripple Finish.

Samples on request
LINDENMEYER
Telephone SPRING 9600

It was "Stuttgarter" when the Post Office was on Liberty St.

53 years ago "Stuttgarter" underwear was the standard for men as it is now.

Ask for our famous No. 101 Union Suits A year-round weight of cotton and wool.

\$4.50

Half and long sleeves. Regulars and stouts.

Form fitting union suits and shirts and drawers in cotton, cotton and wool and 100% guaranteed pure wool—at the best retailers.

STUTTGARTER
"Underwear for Men"
MAX KUHIN, Pres.
456-460 Fourth Ave., New York



No Thief

will attempt to force or carry off this Burglar-Proof Strongbox

because an electric alarm will start ringing the instant the box is moved—alarm cannot be stopped until box has been unlocked and opened. Handmade made of heavy machine steel, nickel plated, 8 inches long, 7 inches wide and 8 inches high. Recommended by burglary insurance companies. The Strongbox solves the Home Safe and Christmas Gift problems.

Special Retail Price \$15

Representative will gladly demonstrate this Strongbox—no obligation to purchase. Write or phone us today.

Chipp Incorporated
120 Liberty St., New York City
Phone Bector 8724.



1028—Russian after-dinner coffee set of hammered copper, \$10.

YOU'VE OFTEN heard the plaintive truism to the effect that "Christmas comes but once a year." And he who receives gifts from Ovington's readily understands why there's such a sorrowful tinge to that bit of gossip!

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
FIFTH AVENUE AT 39TH ST.



Variable Condenser

Unvarying maximum capacity. Patented top and base. 11 plates, \$2.00; 23 plates, \$2.50; 43 plates, \$3.00.

At the best stores or write National Distributors

PICARD

Radio Corporation

16 W. 46th St., New York

Telephone BRYANT 2285

Republicans of State Differ on Reorganization

Majority in Congress Against Mott-Fish "Progressive" Program, Statement by Clarke and Snyder Says

Calder's Aid Enlisted

Continue Legislative Plans, and Warn Wadsworth Adherents Not to Interfere

From The Tribune's Washington Bureau
WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—New Yorkers in Congress to-day punctured the movement, launched by Representatives Luther Mott and Hamilton Fish Jr., to reorganize the Republican party of the state. A majority of the Republican members of the House of Representatives from New York, backed by Senator Wadsworth, announced that "no considerable number of the delegation could be committed to any such proposition."

The whole scheme has been adjudged "improper" by a majority of the Republican Representatives in Congress after a poll, it was stated. A formal statement issued on behalf of a majority of the Republican members from the Empire State and signed by Representatives Homer P. Snyder and John D. Clarke declared:

"Numerous articles have been appearing in the New York, Syracuse, Watertown and other up-state papers containing statements that the Senators and Congressmen composing the New York delegation have taken concerted action, suggesting to the Republican members of the Legislature of the State of New York what they should or should not do when Governor Smith is inaugurated."

Deny Right to Dictate
"It is the opinion of a vast majority of the New York delegation, after having been polled, that it is just as improper for the Senators and Congressmen to be suggesting to the members of the New York Legislature what they should or should not do as it would be for certain members of the New York Legislature to suggest what the Congress should do."

Certain statements have been printed in the papers that seventeen of the New York delegation have indicated their desire to intrude their opinion upon the Republican members of the New York State Legislature. It is the judgment of the gentlemen being interviewed—Messrs. Snyder and Clarke, of the New York delegation—that no such concerted action has been taken by the delegation, and that no one in the delegation has authority to state that any particular number of the delegation would be behind any such proposition. In fact, it may be definitely stated that no considerable number of the delegation could be committed to any such proposition. This cannot be too strongly emphasized."

There is no room to doubt that the Republicans in the national Congress are split wide over the question. There is the judgment of the gentlemen being interviewed—Messrs. Snyder and Clarke, of the New York delegation—that no such concerted action has been taken by the delegation, and that no one in the delegation has authority to state that any particular number of the delegation would be behind any such proposition. In fact, it may be definitely stated that no considerable number of the delegation could be committed to any such proposition. This cannot be too strongly emphasized."

There is no room to doubt that the Republicans in the national Congress are split wide over the question. There is the judgment of the gentlemen being interviewed—Messrs. Snyder and Clarke, of the New York delegation—that no such concerted action has been taken by the delegation, and that no one in the delegation has authority to state that any particular number of the delegation would be behind any such proposition. In fact, it may be definitely stated that no considerable number of the delegation could be committed to any such proposition. This cannot be too strongly emphasized."

Following a canvass of the Republican Representatives in the House, Mr. Snyder declared to-night:

Move Ill-Advised, Says Snyder
"I am absolutely opposed to enterprises of the sort Representatives Mott and Fish are supporting. They are ill-advised and their statements represent the sentiment of the New York delegation. I am convinced after conversations with every member now here."

I have the approval of Senator Wadsworth when I say that what they have contended is presumptuous. No two members of the delegation can commit the party to such a scheme, especially in times such as these when there is so much feeling that the Republican party is becoming divided into factions. "I don't understand what they mean by describing themselves as progressives. The history of politics has proved such theories as theirs to be impracticable and fallacious. The word 'progressive' in this case is a misnomer. We are all progressives. There is no question but what a large majority of the New York delegation are working hard for the best legislation for the benefit of all the people."

The letter which will be sent next week to Republican State Chairman George K. Morris, requesting a conference to consider the party's ills and plan for its rehabilitation, according to Messrs. Mott and Fish, has been drafted and now is being offered for signature to those members of the New York delegation who are in Washington. Others and members-elect will have copies forwarded to them by mail with a request that they signify by telegraphic reply if they approve of the sentiments expressed in it.

Senator Calder, it was announced to-day, has joined the movement for a conference, and in consequence most of the Brooklyn representatives, nearly all of them defeated in the last election, are counted upon to sign the letter to be sent to the Republican state chairman. This will set forth a program, it is understood, that the Representatives believe to be essential to the restoration of confidence in the party.

Restoration of direct primaries heads the list. Other items relate to the state water power development, abolition of direct settlement in workmen's compensation cases and improved marketing and transportation facilities, but there is no mention of prohibition.

No Attack on Calder Implied
The movement for the conference, which its proponents believe should be held before the middle of February, does not contemplate an attack upon Senator Wadsworth as leader of the state party by virtue of being the chief Republican officeholder, it was stated to-day, unless he attempts to get in the way of the progress of the movement. In the event, it was said, such action as is necessary to overcome his opposition will have to be resorted to.

There was a more definite suggestion, however, that the political scalping of William L. Ward, leader of Westchester County and chairman of the state executive committee, is sought. Mr. Ward, it is asserted by those favoring the Mott-Fish plan, had himself appointed as chairman of the executive committee and then named the committee which acted for the state committee without authority of law. The circumstances which make such action possible also should be rectified, in the view of the independents.

Only a handful of representatives to date have signed the letter. The names of the signatories will be announced when the communication is forwarded to Mr. Morris, but not before. There

Sue for Sing Sing Tract On Patent Dated 1787

The title of the state to part of the land occupied by Sing Sing prison, at Ossining, N. Y., that of the New York Central Railroad to its right of way between the Ossining station and the prison, and the titles of several manufacturing companies to the land on which their factories stand are involved in a suit brought yesterday in the Supreme Court, White Plains.

Howard G. Bishop and other heirs to the Hunter estate, who instituted the action against Willis P. Thomas, allege that the property, which consists of filled-in land at the river's edge, forms part of the Hunter estate under letters of patent issued February 22, 1787; that it was illegally conveyed to the present holders and that they have been occupying it without making any payments to the true owners. All the reclaimed land from Ossining to Scarborough is involved.

are some who definitely are counted out for it, including Representative Bertrand H. Snell, former chairman of the executive committee, whom Mr. Ward succeeded. Ogden L. Mills, Homer P. Snyder, James S. Parker, John D. Clarke, Archie D. Sanders, Clarence MacGregor and Daniel A. Reed. The list includes some of the chief members of the New York delegation.

Representative S. Wallace Dempsey, of Lockport, hasn't signed the petition yet, but he is counted favorable to it by its sponsors. They also expect Representative-elect F. H. Le Guardia, of New York, and possibly Representative-elect Stalker, of Elmira, may sign the call.

One of the members of the delegation opposed to this move declared to-day that he did not expect it to succeed, particularly since unanimity was required and this was impossible in view of the Snyder-Clarke statement. This is accepted as an indication that Chairman Morris will "receive and file" the letter when it reaches him.

Harry B. Chambers Gives Up School Board Office

Denies Act Follows Row Over Naming McCooey's Sister to Important Post

Harry B. Chambers, a lawyer with offices in 115 Broadway, has sent Mayor Hylan his resignation as vice-president of the Board of Education and as a member of the Teachers' Retirement Board. The resignation becomes effective January 1.

In his letter to the Mayor Mr. Chambers explained that the work of the Board of Education required more of his time and energy than he felt he could spare from his law practice. He was elected vice-president of the board last May, and has been chairman of the law committee. He is the sole representative of the Bronx on the board.

Mr. Chambers denied yesterday there was any truth in published stories that his resignation followed a row he had had with George J. Ryan, president of the board. One newspaper article said a fight in the board was precipitated by the desire of certain members to name Miss Margaret J. McCooey principal of School 47, and a sister of John H. McCooey, of Brooklyn, to succeed the late Grace Strachan Forsythe as associate superintendent of schools. Mr. Chambers did not deny that there is a plan to name Miss McCooey to this post, simply pointing out: "If there had been a row I should have quit immediately and not made my resignation effective next month."

He said Mayor Hylan had asked him to remain, but that he would not withdraw his resignation.

Shoots Man in Hayti Gets Year
FORT-AU-PRINCE, Hayti, Dec. 11.—Ludovic Monplaisir, who was arrested on July 26 for attempting to shoot Mayor Edouard Mandoin and fatally wounding Edmond Millet, a member of the Mayor's Council, has been sentenced to one year's imprisonment.

British Begin 2 Warships Under 4-Power Pact

Bonar Law Will Put Through Construction Ordered by Lloyd George Cabinet, He Assures Parliament

No Violation of Treaty

New Vessels Simply Replace 19 Scrapped, as Terms Provide, Premier Says

Special Cable to The Tribune
Copyright, 1922, New York Tribune Inc.
LONDON, Dec. 11.—The British government has decided to lay down two capital ships, as provided for in the Washington naval treaty. Work on these will be started immediately. announcement was made to the House of Commons by Premier Bonar Law this afternoon.

The Premier definitely refused the opportunity opened for discussion of this question by the new Parliament. Definite decision on the question was reached by the late government and House of Commons, he said, and his government, after reconsideration of the matter, has decided that "we have no option but to carry out that decision. Even if the question were discussed, the members would find it impossible to delay construction beyond this year, he added.

There has been keen controversy over the building of these two ships since the government a few days ago promised that its decision in the matter would be announced shortly. A good deal of the opposition to their building seems based on misunderstanding. It has been contended that placing orders for these ships would be tantamount to embarking on a program of competitive naval construction with the United States. The fact is, of course, that the treaty provides for the dismantling of not less than nineteen of her older vessels—most of which already are in process of being destroyed. Far from being of a competitive nature, the two ships therefore represent an agreed upon reduction of the British fleet.

It is another question, however, whether or not it is necessary to lay them down at this time. Lord Lee, former chief of the admiralty, who is one of the signatories to the Washington treaty, has held all along that the decision must be made either to begin work on the ships at once or abandon the idea of them altogether. His argument is that it was understood at Washington that no power should be permitted to take advantage of a postponement in the building of the new ships to incorporate improvements that would give them an advantage over other signatories to the treaty. Lord Salisbury, the present head of the Admiralty, is agreed that the ships "must be begun, if begun at all, this present year."

Bonar Law's statement in the House to-day shows that this has been the conclusive argument in deciding the government to lay down the ships now. Critics of the new construction here, however, contend that the coming into force of the treaty is dependent on its ratification by all the contracting parties, and that, as France has neither ratified it, nor shown any immediate intention of ratification, there is no real reason for urgency in reaching a decision.

Kahn Criticizes Washington
MONTREAL, Dec. 11.—The United States government ought to make clear to the world the conditions under which it would enter an international pact to solve problems born of the war, said the Canadian Club.

The American government, he said, should at least participate in the work of the reparations commission and assume the broadened attitude toward the indebtedness of Allied nations to America.

He asserted the role of critical observer which his government had taken in recent international conferences was unworthy of the nation.

Jim Crow Law Is Upheld
U. S. Supreme Court Sustains Verdict in White Man's Favor

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The United States Supreme Court upheld to-day the Jim Crow law of Mississippi.

The case involved three white men, each of whom obtained \$400 damages for being compelled to ride in a passenger coach of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad with negroes while the company was under government control.

Moonshiners Intrench Against Dry Avengers

Kentucky Offers Rewards for Men Suspected of Killing Two Agents

Special Dispatch to The Tribune
LEXINGTON, Ky., Dec. 11.—The gang of moonshiners which within two days has slain two Federal prohibition officers to-night is reported well entrenched in the rocky caves in the Menifee County mountains east of here. The band is said to be headed by Bob and Charles Ballard, is plentifully supplied with ammunition and arms and well provisioned.

Samuel Collins, state prohibition director, announced this afternoon that the efforts of his forces to bring the outlaws to justice for the two murders would be continued until the band is in custody.

Governor Edwin P. Morrow to-day offered rewards of \$500 each for the two Ballards. The situation in Menifee County is ominous. The county officials are unable to make headway against the outlaw band, which if believed to number at least a dozen men, lived to number at least a dozen men, lived to number at least a dozen men, lived to number at least a dozen men.

R. E. Duff, who was slain Saturday, and David Treadway, killed yesterday, were buried to-day.

Brokers' Cashier Says He Never Saw Capital Account

Declares He Prepared Only Part of Kardos & Burke Balance Sheet That Applied to His Office

Harry J. Murray, formerly one of the cashiers of Kardos & Burke, bankrupt stock brokers, was questioned yesterday afternoon before Peter B. Olney Jr., referee, as to the statement submitted by the firm to the Consolidated Stock Exchange last October, which purported to show that the \$1,000,000 capital was intact. Kardos, on the stand last Friday, said he knew nothing about the statement.

Murray said yesterday that he prepared that part of the balance sheet that applied to the cash and knew nothing about the rest of it. He said that either Kardos or the comptroller, Harold C. Bain, asked him if the cash was correct and that he said it was and signed his name at the foot of the sheet. He said he did not know what the other signers were nor what the sheet actually contained. Each of the signers prepared his part of the sheet, Murray said.

Asked if he had ever seen a capital account in the general ledger, Murray said he never had.

The witness said he had no knowledge of the so-called "numbered accounts" appearing in the books, including No. 1,000 in 1921 and No. 800 in 1919, when the firm was Kardos & Co. He was questioned as to a check for \$44,000 and two checks paid to Philip C. Samuels, said to be a brother-in-law of Bain and also the lawyer who issued the statement on Saturday, through Arthur L. Ross, Kardos's attorney, that Max Goodine did not owe Kardos & Burke more than \$500,000. These checks were dated in November, 1921, and January, 1922, and were for \$12,675.00 and \$1,250 respectively.

Murray said he knew nothing about several checks charged to Kardos's account and paid to various people, including himself and H. L. Leins, another employee, but had merely signed them as cashier. He declared he had never bought or sold stocks or securities for himself at any time. As to an item of \$25,000, marked "K. Sr.," Murray said he believed the entry was in the handwriting of Miss Kaplan, one of the bookkeepers.

Jersey City Official Quits
James F. Gannon Jr., director of revenues and finance of the Jersey City Commission, tendered his resignation to the commission yesterday, to take effect December 31.

Gannon was elected a member of the City Commission in 1917 and was re-elected at the general elections two years ago. No reason was given for his resignation. His office carries a salary of \$7,500 yearly. The resignation will be acted upon by the commission at its meeting to-day.

It was learned from authentic sources that John H. Saul will be named to fill out Gannon's unexpired term as director of revenues and finance. Saul holds the post of Building Superintendent at \$5,000 a year.

Moschzisker Is Slated for Supreme Court

Pennsylvania Chief Justice, of Polish Descent, Is Believed Harding's Choice as Pitney's Successor

Never at Law School

Hough and Pound of N. Y. Also Being Considered For Place in High Court

By Carter Field

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—Robert Von Moschzisker, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, is President Harding's choice for Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States to succeed Justice Mahlon H. Pitney, who has retired from the bench after having served both Houses of Congress and is awaiting President Harding's signature.

Justice Moschzisker had a talk with the President to-day, being taken to the White House by Senator Reed of Pennsylvania, who heartily endorsed him. Senator George Wharton Pepper, generally regarded as one of the ablest lawyers in the country, endorsed Justice Moschzisker enthusiastically to-day. President Harding several days ago.

Appointment Held Sure
The President, it was learned, has been enormously impressed with the indorsements of the Pennsylvania justice, and, while he has announced no decision, men close to the White House believe that Moschzisker will be named.

The Pennsylvania justice is comparatively young, having been born in 1870. His father was of Polish extraction, and his mother was Miss Clara Harrison. He married Miss Anna MacBeth, of Pittsburgh. He never attended a law school, entering a law office after completing his studies at the public schools after the old-fashioned method of becoming a lawyer.

Moschzisker is a Republican, and longed both to the Union League and the Young Republican Club of Philadelphia, where he lives.

Two New Yorkers, it was learned, have been highly recommended to the President for the place on the Supreme bench. These are Judge Charles Merrill Hough, of the United States District Court, and Cuthbert W. Pound, of Lockport. Both are Republicans.

Radicals Suspicious
When the word that Judge Moschzisker was likely to be appointed to the Supreme Court was started at once a diligent looking up of his record and mutterings from the radical bloc, which is already conducting a fight against the confirmation of Pierce Butler, on the ground that he is too conservative.

Some of the old line Republicans from other states take the position that there is no political value to be obtained by appointing a man from Pennsylvania.

Mr. Moschzisker has been a Justice of the Pennsylvania Supreme Court since 1910, having been promoted to chief justice in 1921.

QUALITY TOILET PAPER
PRODUCT
Retailers feature it because it's as soft as worn linen but strong and firm. Each package specially tissue wrapped.

Ask your dealer.

A. P. W. PAPER CO., Albany, N. Y.

Makers also of A. P. W. SATIN TISSUE, ONLION, PORT ORANGE and CROSS CUT TOILET PAPERS.

NEW YORK, N. Y.

Jaeger

PRACTICAL GIFT SUGGESTIONS

—Gifts of Pure Wool that uphold the tradition of fine quality sponsored by this Shop and that express a fine degree of good taste in selection.

For Women

Housegowns of tan, fawn or mal-y camel's hair bound with grosgrain ribbon. Lightweight 43.00 Medium weight 53.00

House slippers of all tan camels hair or lined with rose or sage blue. 4.50

Sport slipover sweater of brushed natural tan camel's hair with boat neck. 10.50

Scarf of brushed natural tan camel's hair, 12 x 60 inches, double knotted fringe. 6.00

Medium weight, full fashioned fine cashmere hose in brown, mortified brown and white and light ivory. 3.50

Imported hose of natural tan camel's hair, wide rib. 4.00

Imported gauntlet gloves of tan camel's hair and wool, ribbed gauntlet. 1.75

For Men

House Robes of pure camel's hair bound with grosgrain ribbon. In the natural tan or fallow. Lightweight 43.00 Medium weight 49.00

House slippers of natural tan camel's hair. 5.50

Imported scarfs of brushed natural tan camels hair. Size 8x48 inch. 3.25

Imported ribbed golf hose of natural tan camel's hair. 3.50

Men's medium weight coat sweater of brushed camel's hair in the tan color. 12.00

Men's waistcoats of knitted tan camel hair yarn. 8.50

The Jaeger Mail Shopping Service is a great convenience for those who cannot shop in person. All orders and inquiries receive careful and prompt attention.

306 FIFTH AVENUE Near 31st Street

58 NASSAU STREET Corner Maiden Lane

Chicago San Francisco Philadelphia Boston

Drug-Fiend Beetles Die On Police Station Diet

Dermestes Vulpinus Finds Life Intolerable, Deprived of Morphine Rations

Of six depraved larvae beetles sent by a friend to Dr. Carleton Simon, special Deputy Police Commissioner in charge of the narcotic squad, only one has survived a detention of five days at Police Headquarters, it was learned yesterday.

The man who sent the bugs didn't know what they were, except that they were found in a shipment of morphine seized by government detectives, and even Dr. Simon didn't know until he made inquiries at the Museum of Natural History. Larder beetle is the popular name for the interesting and intelligent creature. In formal society it is dermestes vulpinus.

It has a head like a mouse's, legs like those of a cow, though more numerous, and two claws like those of a lobster. Dr. Simon kept his six little pests in a bowl and served them with preserves, candy, ice cream, Spanish macaroni, roast beef and Philadelphia capers. He delighted in their antics, but the larger beetles scorned it. Five of them had starved to death yesterday when Dr. Simon placed a one-grain morphine tablet in the bowl. The sixth larva beetle seized it with beaming countenance and voracious expressions of pleasure. It munched morphine for a while and rolled over on its back and waved its legs in ecstasy. Then it munched again. It ate all the morphine and begged for more.

Dr. Simon believes he can rear it on a grain of the drug a day.

My Years on the Stage
By JOHN DREW

OLIVER HERFORD says of it in Life: "The glamour of the golden age of American Drama is happily reflected in the mirror of this narrative, whose valuable records and commentaries together with the directness and the good style of its telling place it at the head of all the personal dramatic histories of late years."

Fully illustrated, \$5.00, postage extra.

E. P. DUTTON & CO. 691 Fifth Ave. New York

At all book stores or direct from

DOBB'S HATS

A Gift Supreme ~ Headwear correct beyond question

A MEN'S SHOP WITH TAILORED THINGS FOR WOMEN
DOBB'S & Co ~ 610 and 244 Fifth Avenue

It's a Q.P.

Pure White is the rich, snow white A. P. W.

QUALITY TOILET PAPER
PRODUCT

Retailers feature it because it's as soft as worn linen but strong and firm. Each package specially tissue wrapped.

Ask your dealer.

A. P. W. PAPER CO., Albany, N. Y.

Makers also of A. P. W. SATIN TISSUE, ONLION, PORT ORANGE and CROSS CUT TOILET PAPERS.

NEW YORK, N. Y.

Jaeger

PRACTICAL GIFT SUGGESTIONS

—Gifts of Pure Wool that uphold the tradition of fine quality sponsored by this Shop and that express a fine degree of good taste in selection.

For Women

Housegowns of tan, fawn or mal-y camel's hair bound with grosgrain ribbon. Lightweight 43.00 Medium weight 53.00

House slippers of all tan camels hair or lined with rose or sage blue. 4.50

Sport slipover sweater of brushed natural tan camel's hair with boat neck. 10.50

Scarf of brushed natural tan camel's hair, 12 x 60 inches, double knotted fringe. 6.00

Medium weight, full fashioned fine cashmere hose in brown, mortified brown and white and light ivory. 3.50

Imported hose of natural tan camel's hair, wide rib. 4.00